# International Astronomy and Astrophysics Competition <br> Final Round 

## Final Round Exam 2020

The final round exam was given in the form of an online exam.
Each participant was given a subset of 40 questions in random order.
This paper version is only available for training purposes.

Question 1 : How many parsecs are approximately 23 light years?
(A) 6
(B) 7
(C) 8
(D) 9

Question 2 : Which one is the biggest moon of Jupiter?
(A) 10
(B) Europa
(C) Ganymede
(D) Callisto

Question 3 : Which object was investigated by the Cassini research mission?
(A) A comet
(B) Jupiter
(C) Saturn
(D) Pluto

Question 4 : What is the distinctive color of the star Betelgeuse?
(A) Red
(B) Orange
(C) Blue
(D) White

Question 5 : The International Space Station circles the Earth approximately every ...
(A) 60 minutes
(B) 90 minutes
(C) 2 hours
(D) 5 hours

Question 6 : The well-known Hyades star cluster is located in the constellation ...
(A) Sagittarius
(B) Virgo
(C) Cancer
(D) Taurus

Question 7 : What is the diameter of the Sun approximately?
(A) 0.6 million km
(B) 0.9 million km
(C) 1.4 million km
(D) 1.9 million km

Question 8 : The planet Jupiter orbits the Sun in ..
(A) 12 years
(B) 15 years
(C) 18 years
(D) 23 years

Question 9 : The value of the Hubble constant is approximately...
(A) $35(\mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{Mpc}$
(B) $70(\mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{Mpc}$
(C) $120(\mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{Mpc}$
(D) $180(\mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{Mpc}$

Question 10 : The first gravitational wave GW150914 was detected by using a Michelson interferometer with an arm length of ...
(A) 4 km
(B) 6 km
(C) 8 km
(D) 10 km

Question 11: The Event Horizon Telescope is a very long baseline interferometry array observing at a wavelength of ...
(A) 0.9 mm
(B) 1.3 mm
(C) 1.7 mm
(D) 1.9 mm

Question 12 : Light with a wavelength of 100 micrometres is called ...
(A) ultraviolet light
(B) infrared light
(C) visible light
(D) radio waves

Question 13 : How high above the Earth's equator is the geostationary orbit located?
(A) 26000 km
(B) 36000 km
(C) 46000 km
(D) 56000 km

Question 14 : Voyager 1 is the most distant man-made object. How fast is Voyager 1 moving away from the Sun at the moment?
(A) $17 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}$
(B) $19 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}$
(C) $23 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}$
(D) $28 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}$

Question 15 : When was the dwarf planet Pluto discovered?
(A) 1630
(B) 1730
(C) 1830
(D) 1930

Question 16 : How many times more mass has the Earth compared to the Moon?
(A) 15 times
(B) 30 times
(C) 50 times
(D) 80 times

Question 17 : What does the astronomical term barycentre describe?
(A) The centre of zero gravitational potential of multiple objects.
(B) The centre of mass of multiple each other orbiting objects.
(C) The central axis of rotation of a spinning stellar object.
(D) The central axis of the precession of a rotating stellar object.

Question 18 : How many Lagrange points exist in a two-body system?
(A) 3
(B) 5
(C) 8
(D) 16

Question 19 : The astronomical term axial precession describes the changing ...
(A) angular velocity of the rotational axis.
(B) angular momentum of the rotational axis.
(C) orientation of the rotational axis.
(D) torque of the rotational axis.

Question 20 : Which astronomical term describes the alignment of three celestial objects?
(A) Conjunction
(B) Eclipse
(C) Transit
(D) Syzygy

Question 21 : The farthest point of a planet to the Sun is called ...
(A) Aphelion
(B) Perihelion
(C) Apogee
(D) Perigee

Question 22 : What is a synodic month?
(A) The time between two full moons.
(B) The time between two Venus appearances.
(C) The time for $1 / 12$ th Earth orbit around the Sun.
(D) The time for one Earth rotation in respect to the Sun.

Question 23 : The astronomical object Hale-Bopp is a ...
(A) Dwarf Planet
(B) Meteor
(C) Asteroid
(D) Comet

Question 24 : The Olbers' paradox raises the following question:
(A) Is the universe infinitely large?
(B) Is the universe infinitely old?
(C) Are we alone in the universe?
(D) Why is the night sky dark?

Question 25 : The picture below shows a very close and well-known galaxy:


What is the name of this galaxy?
(A) Pinwheel Galaxy
(B) Whirlpool Galaxy
(C) Bode Galaxy
(D) Triangulum Galaxy

Question 26 : The correct astronomical term for shooting stars (or falling star) is ...
(A) Asteroid
(B) Meteoroid
(C) Meteor
(D) Comet

Question 27 : The calculated age of the universe is ...
(A) 11.8 billion years
(B) 12.8 billion years
(C) 13.8 billion years
(D) 14.8 billion years

Question 28 : What is expected to happen at the end of the Sun's lifetime?
(A) Become a white dwarf
(B) Become a brown dwarf
(C) Explode as a supernova
(D) Become a neutron star or black hole

Question 29 : Approximately how far away is the Sun from the centre of the Milky Way?
(A) 12,000 light-years
(B) 17,000 light-years
(C) 21,000 light-years
(D) 27,000 light-years

Question 30 : Which one is the correct order of spectral classes according to the star's surface temperature (from high to low)?
(A) $O, A, B, F, G, K, M$
(B) $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{M}$
(C) M, O, A, B, F, G, K
(D) M, O, B, A, F, G, K

Question 31 : A rocket that has accelerated to the second cosmic velocity can...
(A) circle around the Earth in a stable orbit.
(B) circle around the Earth in an elliptic orbit.
(C) escape the gravitational field of the Earth.
(D) escape the gravitational field of the Sun.

Question 32 : What is the diameter of the observable universe in parsec?
(A) 13 billion pc
(B) 29 billion pc
(C) 36 billion pc
(D) 55 billion pc

Question 33 : The well-known and very large volcano named Olympus Mons is located on ...
(A) Mars
(B) Venus
(C) Io (Jupiter moon)
(D) Europa (Jupiter moon)

Question 34 : About how many Earth days are one Mars day?
(A) 1 day
(B) 1.5 days
(C) 2 days
(D) 2.5 days

Question 35 : The fascinating aurorae (or polar lights) are located in the ...
(A) Ionosphere
(B) Stratosphere
(C) Troposphere
(D) Exosphere

Question 36 : In which year did humans first land and walk on the Moon?
(A) 1969
(B) 1986
(C) 1968
(D) 1976

Question 37 : The term heliocentric means ...
(A) centred around the Earth
(B) centred around the Venus
(C) centred around the Sun
(D) centred around the Solar System

Question 38 : Saturn's moon Titan has many lakes which are made of liquid ...
(A) Oxygen and Nitrogen
(B) Nitrogen and Ethane
(C) Ethane and Methane
(D) Methane and Nitrogen

Question 39 : Copernicus is located on our moon and refers to a well-known ...
(A) Mountain
(B) Sea
(C) Crater
(D) Apollo landing site

Question 40 : What type of nebula is the famous Orion Nebula?
(A) Planetary Nebula
(B) Dark Nebula
(C) Absorption Nebula
(D) Emission Nebula

Question 41 : How is the path in the sky called that the Sun appears to cross within a year?
(A) Equinox
(B) Ecliptic
(C) Epicycle
(D) Celestial Equator

Question 42 : Spectral line splitting caused by magnetic fields is called ...
(A) Planck Effect
(B) Russell Effect
(C) Raylight Effect
(D) Zeeman Effect

Question 43 : In which wavelengths is the cosmic background radiation concentrated?
(A) Infrared Wavelengths
(B) Gamma Wavelengths
(C) Ultraviolet Wavelengths
(D) Microwave Wavelengths

Question 44 : Kepler's Laws state that the cube of a planet's semi-major axis is proportional to the ...
(A) square of the average distance.
(B) covered area by the planet.
(C) cube of the average distance.
(D) square of the orbital period.

Question 45 : What is the astronomical term for the outer boundary of the Sun's magnetic field?
(A) Heliopause
(B) Heliosheath
(C) Heliotail
(D) Termination Shock

Question 46 : The angle between an inferior planet and the Sun when observed from Earth is called ...
(A) Inclination
(B) Declination
(C) Ecliptic
(D) Elongation

Question 47 : The summer solstice in the northern/southern hemisphere occurs in ...
(A) June / November
(B) July / November
(C) June / December
(D) July / December

Question 48 : Absolute magnitude is a star's apparent magnitude in a distance of ...
(A) 5 pc
(B) 10 pc
(C) 15 pc
(D) 20 pc

Question 49 : What is the visible part of the Sun called?
(A) Radiative Zone
(B) Heliosphere
(C) Photosphere
(D) Tachocline

Question 50 : The average albedo of the Earth (planetary albedo) is between ...
(A) 20-25 \%
(B) 25-30 \%
(C) $30-35 \%$
(D) 35-40 \%

